### 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H.R.324

To restore the consent of Congress to the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact and to grant the consent of Congress to the Southern Dairy Compact, a Pacific Northwest Dairy Compact, and an Intermountain Dairy Compact.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

**January 8, 2003** 

Mr. VITTER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

- To restore the consent of Congress to the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact and to grant the consent of Congress to the Southern Dairy Compact, a Pacific Northwest Dairy Compact, and an Intermountain Dairy Compact.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Dairy Consumers and
  - 5 Producers Protection Act".

### 1 SEC. 2. NORTHEAST INTERSTATE DAIRY COMPACT.

2	Section 147 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement
3	and Reform Act of 1996 (7 U.S.C. 7256) is amended—
4	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
5	striking "States" and all that follows through
6	"Vermont" and inserting "States of Connecticut,
7	Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New
8	Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania,
9	Rhode Island, and Vermont";
10	(2) by striking paragraphs (1), (3), and (7);
11	(3) in paragraph (2), by striking "Class III-A"
12	and inserting "Class IV";
13	(4) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the
14	following:
15	"(4) Additional State.—Ohio is the only ad-
16	ditional State that may join the Northeast Interstate
17	Dairy Compact.";
18	(5) in paragraph (5), by striking "the projected
19	rate of increase" and all that follows through "Sec-
20	retary" and inserting "the operation of the Compact
21	price regulation during the fiscal year, as determined
22	by the Secretary (in consultation with the Commis-
23	sion) using notice and comment procedures provided
24	in section 553 of title 5, United States Code"; and

- 1 (6) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (4), (5), 2 and (6) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), respec-
- 3 tively.

#### 4 SEC. 3. SOUTHERN DAIRY COMPACT.

- 5 (a) In General.—Congress consents to the South-
- 6 ern Dairy Compact entered into among the States of Ala-
- 7 bama, Arkansas, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana,
- 8 Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South
- 9 Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia, subject
- 10 to the following conditions:
- 11 (1) Limitation of manufacturing price
- 12 REGULATION.—The Southern Dairy Compact Com-
- mission may not regulate Class II, Class III, or
- 14 Class IV milk used for manufacturing purposes or
- any other milk, other than Class I, or fluid milk, as
- defined by a Federal milk marketing order issued
- 17 under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act
- 18 (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the
- 19 Agricultural Marketing Act of 1937 (referred to in
- this section as a "Federal milk marketing order")
- 21 unless Congress has first consented to and approved
- such authority by a law enacted after the date of en-
- actment of this joint resolution.
- 24 (2) Additional States.—Florida, Nebraska,
- and Texas are the only additional States that may

- join the Southern Dairy Compact, individually or
   otherwise.
- 3 (3) Compensation of commodity credit CORPORATION.—Before the end of each fiscal year 5 in which a Compact price regulation is in effect, the 6 Southern Dairy Compact Commission shall com-7 pensate the Commodity Credit Corporation for the 8 cost of any purchases of milk and milk products by 9 the Corporation that result from the operation of the 10 Compact price regulation during the fiscal year, as 11 determined by the Secretary (in consultation with 12 the Commission) using notice and comment proce-13 dures provided in section 553 of title 5, United 14 States Code.
- 15 (4)Milk ORDER MARKETING ADMINIS-16 TRATOR.—At the request of the Southern Dairy 17 Compact Commission, the Administrator of the ap-18 plicable Federal milk marketing order shall provide 19 technical assistance to the Compact Commission and 20 be compensated for that assistance.
- 21 (b) COMPACT.—The Southern Dairy Compact is sub-22 stantially as follows:

# 1 "ARTICLE I. STATEMENT OF 2 PURPOSE. FINDINGS AND

# 3 **DECLARATION OF POLICY**

- 4 "§ 1. Statement of purpose, findings and declaration
- 5 of policy
- 6 "The purpose of this compact is to recognize the
- 7 interstate character of the southern dairy industry and the
- 8 prerogative of the states under the United States Con-
- 9 stitution to form an interstate commission for the south-
- 10 ern region. The mission of the commission is to take such
- 11 steps as are necessary to assure the continued viability of
- 12 dairy farming in the south, and to assure consumers of
- 13 an adequate, local supply of pure and wholesome milk.
- 14 "The participating states find and declare that the
- 15 dairy industry is an essential agricultural activity of the
- 16 south. Dairy farms, and associated suppliers, marketers,
- 17 processors and retailers are an integral component of the
- 18 region's economy. Their ability to provide a stable, local
- 19 supply of pure, wholesome milk is a matter of great impor-
- 20 tance to the health and welfare of the region.
- 21 "The participating states further find that dairy
- 22 farms are essential and they are an integral part of the
- 23 region's rural communities. The farms preserve land for
- 24 agricultural purposes and provide needed economic stimuli
- 25 for rural communities.

- 1 "In establishing their constitutional regulatory au-
- 2 thority over the region's fluid milk market by this com-
- 3 pact, the participating states declare their purpose that
- 4 this compact neither displace the federal order system nor
- 5 encourage the merging of federal orders. Specific provi-
- 6 sions of the compact itself set forth this basic principle.
- 7 "Designed as a flexible mechanism able to adjust to
- 8 changes in a regulated marketplace, the compact also con-
- 9 tains a contingency provision should the federal order sys-
- 10 tem be discontinued. In that event, the interstate commis-
- 11 sion is authorized to regulate the marketplace in replace-
- 12 ment of the order system. This contingent authority does
- 13 not anticipate such a change, however, and should not be
- 14 so construed. It is only provided should developments in
- 15 the market other than establishment of this compact re-
- 16 sult in discontinuance of the order system.
- 17 "By entering into this compact, the participating
- 18 states affirm that their ability to regulate the price which
- 19 southern dairy farmers receive for their product is essen-
- 20 tial to the public interest. Assurance of a fair and equi-
- 21 table price for dairy farmers ensures their ability to pro-
- 22 vide milk to the market and the vitality of the southern
- 23 dairy industry, with all the associated benefits.
- 24 "Recent, dramatic price fluctuations, with a pro-
- 25 nounced downward trend, threaten the viability and sta-

- 1 bility of the southern dairy region. Historically, individual
- 2 state regulatory action had been an effective emergency
- 3 remedy available to farmers confronting a distressed mar-
- 4 ket. The federal order system, implemented by the Agri-
- 5 cultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, establishes
- 6 only minimum prices paid to producers for raw milk, with-
- 7 out preempting the power of states to regulate milk prices
- 8 above the minimum levels so established.
- 9 "In today's regional dairy marketplace, cooperative,
- 10 rather than individual state action is needed to more effec-
- 11 tively address the market disarray. Under our constitu-
- 12 tional system, properly authorized states acting coopera-
- 13 tively may exercise more power to regulate interstate com-
- 14 merce than they may assert individually without such au-
- 15 thority. For this reason, the participating states invoke
- 16 their authority to act in common agreement, with the con-
- 17 sent of Congress, under the compact clause of the Con-
- 18 stitution.

# 19 "ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS AND

# 20 RULES OF CONSTRUCTION

### 21 "§ 2. Definitions

- 22 "For the purposes of this compact, and of any supple-
- 23 mental or concurring legislation enacted pursuant thereto,
- 24 except as may be otherwise required by the context:

- "(1) 'Class I milk' means milk disposed of in fluid form or as a fluid milk product, subject to further definition in accordance with the principles expressed in subdivision (b) of section three.
  - "(2) 'Commission' means the Southern Dairy Compact Commission established by this compact.
  - "(3) 'Commission marketing order' means regulations adopted by the commission pursuant to sections nine and ten of this compact in place of a terminated federal marketing order or state dairy regulation. Such order may apply throughout the region or in any part or parts thereof as defined in the regulations of the commission. Such order may establish minimum prices for any or all classes of milk.
    - "(4) 'Compact' means this interstate compact.
  - "(5) 'Compact over-order price' means a minimum price required to be paid to producers for Class I milk established by the commission in regulations adopted pursuant to sections nine and ten of this compact, which is above the price established in federal marketing orders or by state farm price regulations in the regulated area. Such price may apply throughout the region or in any part or parts thereof as defined in the regulations of the commission.

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- "(6) 'Milk' means the lacteral secretion of cows and includes all skim, butterfat, or other constituents obtained from separation or any other process. The term is used in its broadest sense and may be further defined by the commission for regulatory purposes.
  - "(7) 'Partially regulated plant' means a milk plant not located in a regulated area but having Class I distribution within such area. Commission regulations may exempt plants having such distribution or receipts in amounts less than the limits defined therein.
  - "(8) 'Participating state' means a state which has become a party to this compact by the enactment of concurring legislation.
  - "(9) 'Pool plant' means any milk plant located in a regulated area.
  - "(10) 'Region' means the territorial limits of the states which are parties to this compact.
  - "(11) 'Regulated area' means any area within the region governed by and defined in regulations establishing a compact over-order price or commission marketing order.
- 24 "(12) 'State dairy regulation' means any state 25 regulation of dairy prices, and associated assess-

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- 1 ments, whether by statute, marketing order or other-
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### 3 "§ 3. Rules of construction

- 4 "(a) This compact shall not be construed to displace
- 5 existing federal milk marketing orders or state dairy regu-
- 6 lation in the region but to supplement them. In the event
- 7 some or all federal orders in the region are discontinued,
- 8 the compact shall be construed to provide the commission
- 9 the option to replace them with one or more commission
- 10 marketing orders pursuant to this compact.
- 11 "(b) The compact shall be construed liberally in order
- 12 to achieve the purposes and intent enunciated in section
- 13 one. It is the intent of this compact to establish a basic
- 14 structure by which the commission may achieve those pur-
- 15 poses through the application, adaptation and develop-
- 16 ment of the regulatory techniques historically associated
- 17 with milk marketing and to afford the commission broad
- 18 flexibility to devise regulatory mechanisms to achieve the
- 19 purposes of this compact. In accordance with this intent,
- 20 the technical terms which are associated with market
- 21 order regulation and which have acquired commonly un-
- 22 derstood general meanings are not defined herein but the
- 23 commission may further define the terms used in this com-
- 24 pact and develop additional concepts and define additional
- 25 terms as it may find appropriate to achieve its purposes.

# "ARTICLE III. COMMISSION ESTABLISHED

### 3 "§ 4. Commission established

4	"There is hereby created a commission to administer
5	the compact, composed of delegations from each state in
6	the region. The commission shall be known as the South-
7	ern Dairy Compact Commission. A delegation shall include
8	not less than three nor more than five persons. Each dele-
9	gation shall include at least one dairy farmer who is en-
10	gaged in the production of milk at the time of appointment
11	or reappointment, and one consumer representative. Dele-
12	gation members shall be residents and voters of, and sub-
13	ject to such confirmation process as is provided for in the
14	appointing state. Delegation members shall serve no more
15	than three consecutive terms with no single term of more
16	than four years, and be subject to removal for cause. In
17	all other respects, delegation members shall serve in ac-
18	cordance with the laws of the state represented. The com-
19	pensation, if any, of the members of a state delegation
20	shall be determined and paid by each state, but their ex-
21	penses shall be paid by the commission.

# 22 "§ 5. Voting requirements

"All actions taken by the commission, except for the establishment or termination of an over-order price or commission marketing order, and the adoption, amend-

- 1 ment or rescission of the commission's by-laws, shall be
- 2 by majority vote of the delegations present. Each state del-
- 3 egation shall be entitled to one vote in the conduct of the
- 4 commission's affairs. Establishment or termination of an
- 5 over-order price or commission marketing order shall re-
- 6 quire at least a two-thirds vote of the delegations present.
- 7 The establishment of a regulated area which covers all or
- 8 part of a participating state shall require also the affirma-
- 9 tive vote of that state's delegation. A majority of the dele-
- 10 gations from the participating states shall constitute a
- 11 quorum for the conduct of the commission's business.

### 12 **\*§6.** Administration and management

- 13 "(a) The commission shall elect annually from among
- 14 the members of the participating state delegations a chair-
- 15 person, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer. The commis-
- 16 sion shall appoint an executive director and fix his or her
- 17 duties and compensation. The executive director shall
- 18 serve at the pleasure of the commission, and together with
- 19 the treasurer, shall be bonded in an amount determined
- 20 by the commission. The commission may establish through
- 21 its by-laws an executive committee composed of one mem-
- 22 ber elected by each delegation.
- 23 "(b) The commission shall adopt by-laws for the con-
- 24 duct of its business by a two-thirds vote, and shall have
- 25 the power by the same vote to amend and rescind these

- 1 by-laws. The commission shall publish its by-laws in con-
- 2 venient form with the appropriate agency or officer in each
- 3 of the participating states. The by-laws shall provide for
- 4 appropriate notice to the delegations of all commission
- 5 meetings and hearings and of the business to be trans-
- 6 acted at such meetings or hearings. Notice also shall be
- 7 given to other agencies or officers of participating states
- 8 as provided by the laws of those states.
- 9 "(c) The commission shall file an annual report with
- 10 the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, and
- 11 with each of the participating states by submitting copies
- 12 to the governor, both houses of the legislature, and the
- 13 head of the state department having responsibilities for
- 14 agriculture.
- 15 "(d) In addition to the powers and duties elsewhere
- 16 prescribed in this compact, the commission shall have the
- 17 power:
- 18 "(1) To sue and be sued in any state or federal
- 19 court;
- 20 "(2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleas-
- 21 ure;
- "(3) To acquire, hold, and dispose of real and
- personal property by gift, purchase, lease, license, or
- other similar manner, for its corporate purposes;

- "(4) To borrow money and issue notes, to provide for the rights of the holders thereof and to pledge the revenue of the commission as security therefor, subject to the provisions of section eighteen of this compact;
  - "(5) To appoint such officers, agents, and employees as it may deem necessary, prescribe their powers, duties and qualifications; and
- "(6) To create and abolish such offices, employments and positions as it deems necessary for the
  purposes of the compact and provide for the removal, term, tenure, compensation, fringe benefits,
  pension, and retirement rights of its officers and employees. The commission may also retain personal
  services on a contract basis.

### 16 "§ 7. Rulemaking power

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"In addition to the power to promulgate a compact over-order price or commission marketing orders as provided by this compact, the commission is further empowered to make and enforce such additional rules and regulations as it deems necessary to implement any provisions of this compact, or to effectuate in any other respect the purposes of this compact.

# "ARTICLE IV. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

2	COMMISSION
3	"§ 8. Powers to promote regulatory uniformity, sim-
4	plicity, and interstate cooperation
5	"The commission is hereby empowered to:
6	"(1) Investigate or provide for investigations or
7	research projects designed to review the existing
8	laws and regulations of the participating states, to
9	consider their administration and costs, to measure
10	their impact on the production and marketing of
11	milk and their effects on the shipment of milk and
12	milk products within the region.
13	"(2) Study and recommend to the participating
14	states joint or cooperative programs for the adminis-
15	tration of the dairy marketing laws and regulations
16	and to prepare estimates of cost savings and benefits
17	of such programs.
18	"(3) Encourage the harmonious relationships
19	between the various elements in the industry for the
20	solution of their material problems. Conduct
21	symposia or conferences designed to improve indus-
22	try relations, or a better understanding of problems.
23	"(4) Prepare and release periodic reports on ac-
24	tivities and results of the commission's efforts to the
25	participating states.

- 1 "(5) Review the existing marketing system for 2 milk and milk products and recommend changes in 3 the existing structure for assembly and distribution 4 of milk which may assist, improve or promote more 5 efficient assembly and distribution of milk.
  - "(6) Investigate costs and charges for producing, hauling, handling, processing, distributing, selling and for all other services performed with respect to milk.
- "(7) Examine current economic forces affecting producers, probable trends in production and consumption, the level of dairy farm prices in relation to costs, the financial conditions of dairy farmers, and the need for an emergency order to relieve critical conditions on dairy farms.

### 16 "§ 9. Equitable farm prices

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"(a) The powers granted in this section and section ten shall apply only to the establishment of a compact over-order price, so long as federal milk marketing orders remain in effect in the region. In the event that any or all such orders are terminated, this article shall authorize the commission to establish one or more commission marketing orders, as herein provided, in the region or parts thereof as defined in the order.

- 1 "(b) A compact over-order price established pursuant
- 2 to this section shall apply only to Class I milk. Such com-
- 3 pact over-order price shall not exceed one dollar and fifty
- 4 cents per gallon at Atlanta, Ga., however, this compact
- 5 over-order price shall be adjusted upward or downward at
- 6 other locations in the region to reflect differences in min-
- 7 imum federal order prices. Beginning in nineteen hundred
- 8 ninety, and using that year as a base, the foregoing one
- 9 dollar fifty cents per gallon maximum shall be adjusted
- 10 annually by the rate of change in the Consumer Price
- 11 Index as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of
- 12 the United States Department of Labor. For purposes of
- 13 the pooling and equalization of an over-order price, the
- 14 value of milk used in other use classifications shall be cal-
- 15 culated at the appropriate class price established pursuant
- 16 to the applicable federal order or state dairy regulation
- 17 and the value of unregulated milk shall be calculated in
- 18 relation to the nearest prevailing class price in accordance
- 19 with and subject to such adjustments as the commission
- 20 may prescribe in regulations.
- 21 "(c) A commission marketing order shall apply to all
- 22 classes and uses of milk.
- 23 "(d) The commission is hereby empowered to estab-
- 24 lish a compact over-order price for milk to be paid by pool
- 25 plants and partially regulated plants. The commission is

- 1 also empowered to establish a compact over-order price to
- 2 be paid by all other handlers receiving milk from pro-
- 3 ducers located in a regulated area. This price shall be es-
- 4 tablished either as a compact over-order price or by one
- 5 or more commission marketing orders. Whenever such a
- 6 price has been established by either type of regulation, the
- 7 legal obligation to pay such price shall be determined sole-
- 8 ly by the terms and purpose of the regulation without re-
- 9 gard to the situs of the transfer of title, possession or any
- 10 other factors not related to the purposes of the regulation
- 11 and this compact. Producer-handlers as defined in an ap-
- 12 plicable federal market order shall not be subject to a com-
- 13 pact over-order price. The commission shall provide for
- 14 similar treatment of producer-handlers under commission
- 15 marketing orders.
- 16 "(e) In determining the price, the commission shall
- 17 consider the balance between production and consumption
- 18 of milk and milk products in the regulated area, the costs
- 19 of production including, but not limited to the price of
- 20 feed, the cost of labor including the reasonable value of
- 21 the producer's own labor and management, machinery ex-
- 22 pense, and interest expense, the prevailing price for milk
- 23 outside the regulated area, the purchasing power of the
- 24 public and the price necessary to yield a reasonable return
- 25 to the producer and distributor.

- 1 "(f) When establishing a compact over-order price,
- 2 the commission shall take such other action as is necessary
- 3 and feasible to help ensure that the over-order price does
- 4 not cause or compensate producers so as to generate local
- 5 production of milk in excess of those quantities necessary
- 6 to assure consumers of an adequate supply for fluid pur-
- 7 poses.
- 8 "(g) The commission shall whenever possible enter
- 9 into agreements with state or federal agencies for ex-
- 10 change of information or services for the purpose of reduc-
- 11 ing regulatory burden and cost of administering the com-
- 12 pact. The commission may reimburse other agencies for
- 13 the reasonable cost of providing these services.

## 14 "§ 10. Optional provisions for pricing order

- 15 "Regulations establishing a compact over-order price
- 16 or a commission marketing order may contain, but shall
- 17 not be limited to any of the following:
- 18 "(1) Provisions classifying milk in accordance
- with the form in which or purpose for which it is
- used, or creating a flat pricing program.
- 21 "(2) With respect to a commission marketing
- order only, provisions establishing or providing a
- 23 method for establishing separate minimum prices for
- each use classification prescribed by the commission,

- or a single minimum price for milk purchased from producers or associations of producers.
- "(3) With respect to an over-order minimum price, provisions establishing or providing a method for establishing such minimum price for Class I milk.
  - "(4) Provisions for establishing either an overorder price or a commission marketing order may make use of any reasonable method for establishing such price or prices including flat pricing and formula pricing. Provision may also be made for location adjustments, zone differentials and for competitive credits with respect to regulated handlers who market outside the regulated area.
  - "(5) Provisions for the payment to all producers and associations of producers delivering milk to all handlers of uniform prices for all milk so delivered, irrespective of the uses made of such milk by the individual handler to whom it is delivered, or for the payment of producers delivering milk to the same handler of uniform prices for all milk delivered by them.
  - "(A) With respect to regulations establishing a compact over-order price, the commission may establish one equalization pool within

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the regulated area for the sole purpose of equalizing returns to producers throughout the regulated area.

"(B) With respect to any commission marketing order, as defined in section two, subdivision three, which replaces one or more terminated federal orders or state dairy regulations, the marketing area of now separate state or federal orders shall not be merged without the affirmative consent of each state, voting through its delegation, which is partly or wholly included within any such new marketing area.

"(6) Provisions requiring persons who bring Class I milk into the regulated area to make compensatory payments with respect to all such milk to the extent necessary to equalize the cost of milk purchased by handlers subject to a compact over-order price or commission marketing order. No such provisions shall discriminate against milk producers outside the regulated area. The provisions for compensatory payments may require payment of the difference between the Class I price required to be paid for such milk in the state of production by a federal milk marketing order or state dairy regulation and

- the Class I price established by the compact overorder price or commission marketing order.
  - "(7) Provisions specially governing the pricing and pooling of milk handled by partially regulated plants.
    - "(8) Provisions requiring that the account of any person regulated under the compact over-order price shall be adjusted for any payments made to or received by such persons with respect to a producer settlement fund of any federal or state milk marketing order or other state dairy regulation within the regulated area.
    - "(9) Provision requiring the payment by handlers of an assessment to cover the costs of the administration and enforcement of such order pursuant to Article VII, Section 18(a).
    - "(10) Provisions for reimbursement to participants of the Women, Infants and Children Special Supplemental Food Program of the United States Child Nutrition Act of 1966.
    - "(11) Other provisions and requirements as the commission may find are necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this compact and to provide for the payment of fair and equitable minimum prices to producers.

# "ARTICLE V. RULEMAKING PROCEDURE

# 3 "§ 11. Rulemaking procedure

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4	"Before promulgation of any regulations establishing
5	a compact over-order price or commission marketing
6	order, including any provision with respect to milk supply
7	under subsection 9(f), or amendment thereof, as provided
8	in Article IV, the commission shall conduct an informal
9	rulemaking proceeding to provide interested persons with
10	an opportunity to present data and views. Such rule-
11	making proceeding shall be governed by section four of
12	the Federal Administrative Procedure Act, as amended (5
13	U.S.C. § 553). In addition, the commission shall, to the
14	extent practicable, publish notice of rulemaking pro-
15	ceedings in the official register of each participating state.
16	Before the initial adoption of regulations establishing a
17	compact over-order price or a commission marketing order
18	and thereafter before any amendment with regard to
19	prices or assessments, the commission shall hold a public
20	hearing. The commission may commence a rulemaking
21	proceeding on its own initiative or may in its sole discre-
22	tion act upon the petition of any person including indi-
23	vidual milk producers, any organization of milk producers
24	or handlers, general farm organizations, consumer or pub-
25	lic interest groups, and local state or federal officials

### 1 "§ 12. Findings and referendum

- 2 "(a) In addition to the concise general statement of
- 3 basis and purpose required by section 4(b) of the Federal
- 4 Administrative Procedure Act, as amended (5 U.S.C.
- 5 § 553(c)), the commission shall make findings of fact with
- 6 respect to:
- 7 "(1) Whether the public interest will be served
- 8 by the establishment of minimum milk prices to
- 9 dairy farmers under Article IV.
- 10 "(2) What level of prices will assure that pro-
- ducers receive a price sufficient to cover their costs
- of production and will elicit an adequate supply of
- milk for the inhabitants of the regulated area and
- for manufacturing purposes.
- 15 "(3) Whether the major provisions of the order,
- other than those fixing minimum milk prices, are in
- 17 the public interest and are reasonably designed to
- achieve the purposes of the order.
- 19 "(4) Whether the terms of the proposed re-
- gional order or amendment are approved by pro-
- 21 ducers as provided in section thirteen.

### 22 "§ 13. Producer referendum

- 23 "(a) For the purpose of ascertaining whether the
- 24 issuance or amendment of regulations establishing a com-
- 25 pact over-order price or a commission marketing order,
- 26 including any provision with respect to milk supply under

- 1 subsection 9(f), is approved by producers, the commission
- 2 shall conduct a referendum among producers. The ref-
- 3 erendum shall be held in a timely manner, as determined
- 4 by regulation of the commission. The terms and conditions
- 5 of the proposed order or amendment shall be described
- 6 by the commission in the ballot used in the conduct of
- 7 the referendum, but the nature, content, or extent of such
- 8 description shall not be a basis for attacking the legality
- 9 of the order or any action relating thereto.
- 10 "(b) An order or amendment shall be deemed ap-
- 11 proved by producers if the commission determines that it
- 12 is approved by at least two-thirds of the voting producers
- 13 who, during a representative period determined by the
- 14 commission, have been engaged in the production of milk
- 15 the price of which would be regulated under the proposed
- 16 order or amendment.
- 17 "(c) For purposes of any referendum, the commission
- 18 shall consider the approval or disapproval by any coopera-
- 19 tive association of producers, qualified under the provi-
- 20 sions of the Act of Congress of February 18, 1922, as
- 21 amended, known as the Capper-Volstead Act, bona fide
- 22 engaged in marketing milk, or in rendering services for
- 23 or advancing the interests of producers of such com-
- 24 modity, as the approval or disapproval of the producers
- 25 who are members or stockholders in, or under contract

- 1 with, such cooperative association of producers, except as
- 2 provided in subdivision (1) hereof and subject to the provi-
- 3 sions of subdivision (2) through (5) hereof.
- "(1) No cooperative which has been formed to act as a common marketing agency for both cooperatives and individual producers shall be qualified to block vote for either.
  - "(2) Any cooperative which is qualified to block vote shall, before submitting its approval or disapproval in any referendum, give prior written notice to each of its members as to whether and how it intends to cast its vote. The notice shall be given in a timely manner as established, and in the form prescribed, by the commission.
  - "(3) Any producer may obtain a ballot from the commission in order to register approval or disapproval of the proposed order.
  - "(4) A producer who is a member of a cooperative which has provided notice of its intent to approve or not to approve a proposed order, and who obtains a ballot and with such ballot expresses his approval or disapproval of the proposed order, shall notify the commission as to the name of the cooperative of which he or she is a member, and the commission shall remove such producer's name from the

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- list certified by such cooperative with its corporate
  vote.
- "(5) In order to insure that all milk producers are informed regarding the proposed order, the commission shall notify all milk producers that an order is being considered and that each producer may register his approval or disapproval with the commission either directly or through his or her cooperative.

### 9 "§ 14. Termination of over-order price or marketing

### 10 order

- "(a) The commission shall terminate any regulations establishing an over-order price or commission marketing order issued under this article whenever it finds that such order or price obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the
- 15 declared policy of this compact.
- 16 "(b) The commission shall terminate any regulations
- 17 establishing an over-order price or a commission mar-
- 18 keting order issued under this article whenever it finds
- 19 that such termination is favored by a majority of the pro-
- 20 ducers who, during a representative period determined by
- 21 the commission, have been engaged in the production of
- 22 milk the price of which is regulated by such order; but
- 23 such termination shall be effective only if announced on
- 24 or before such date as may be specified in such marketing
- 25 agreement or order.

- 1 "(c) The termination or suspension of any order or
- 2 provision thereof, shall not be considered an order within
- 3 the meaning of this article and shall require no hearing,
- 4 but shall comply with the requirements for informal rule-
- 5 making prescribed by section four of the Federal Adminis-
- 6 trative Procedure Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. § 553).

# 7 "ARTICLE VI. ENFORCEMENT

### 8 "§ 15. Records; reports; access to premises

- 9 "(a) The commission may by rule and regulation pre-
- 10 scribe record keeping and reporting requirements for all
- 11 regulated persons. For purposes of the administration and
- 12 enforcement of this compact, the commission is authorized
- 13 to examine the books and records of any regulated person
- 14 relating to his or her milk business and for that purpose,
- 15 the commission's properly designated officers, employees,
- 16 or agents shall have full access during normal business
- 17 hours to the premises and records of all regulated persons.
- 18 "(b) Information furnished to or acquired by the
- 19 commission officers, employees, or its agents pursuant to
- 20 this section shall be confidential and not subject to disclo-
- 21 sure except to the extent that the commission deems dis-
- 22 closure to be necessary in any administrative or judicial
- 23 proceeding involving the administration or enforcement of
- 24 this compact, an over-order price, a compact marketing
- 25 order, or other regulations of the commission. The com-

- 1 mission may promulgate regulations further defining the
- 2 confidentiality of information pursuant to this section.
- 3 Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit (i) the
- 4 issuance of general statements based upon the reports of
- 5 a number of handlers, which do not identify the informa-
- 6 tion furnished by any person, or (ii) the publication by
- 7 direction of the commission of the name of any person vio-
- 8 lating any regulation of the commission, together with a
- 9 statement of the particular provisions violated by such
- 10 person.
- 11 "(c) No officer, employee, or agent of the commission
- 12 shall intentionally disclose information, by inference or
- 13 otherwise, which is made confidential pursuant to this sec-
- 14 tion. Any person violating the provisions of this section
- 15 shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more
- 16 than one thousand dollars or to imprisonment for not
- 17 more than one year, or to both, and shall be removed from
- 18 office. The commission shall refer any allegation of a viola-
- 19 tion of this section to the appropriate state enforcement
- 20 authority or United States Attorney.

# 21 "§ 16. Subpoena; hearings and judicial review

- 22 "(a) The commission is hereby authorized and em-
- 23 powered by its members and its properly designated offi-
- 24 cers to administer oaths and issue subpoenas throughout
- 25 all signatory states to compel the attendance of witnesses

- 1 and the giving of testimony and the production of other
- 2 evidence.
- 3 "(b) Any handler subject to an order may file a writ-
- 4 ten petition with the commission stating that any such
- 5 order or any provision of any such order or any obligation
- 6 imposed in connection therewith is not in accordance with
- 7 law and praying for a modification thereof or to be ex-
- 8 empted therefrom. He shall thereupon be given an oppor-
- 9 tunity for a hearing upon such petition, in accordance with
- 10 regulations made by the commission. After such hearing,
- 11 the commission shall make a ruling upon the prayer of
- 12 such petition which shall be final, if in accordance with
- 13 law.
- 14 "(c) The district courts of the United States in any
- 15 district in which such handler is an inhabitant, or has his
- 16 principal place of business, are hereby vested with jurisdic-
- 17 tion to review such ruling, provided a complaint for that
- 18 purpose is filed within thirty days from the date of the
- 19 entry of such ruling. Service of process in such pro-
- 20 ceedings may be had upon the commission by delivering
- 21 to it a copy of the complaint. If the court determines that
- 22 such ruling is not in accordance with law, it shall remand
- 23 such proceedings to the commission with directions either
- 24 (1) to make such ruling as the court shall determine to
- 25 be in accordance with law, or (2) to take such further pro-

- 1 ceedings as, in its opinion, the law requires. The pendency
- 2 of proceedings instituted pursuant to this subdivision shall
- 3 not impede, hinder, or delay the commission from obtain-
- 4 ing relief pursuant to section seventeen. Any proceedings
- 5 brought pursuant to section seventeen, except where
- 6 brought by way of counterclaim in proceedings instituted
- 7 pursuant to this section, shall abate whenever a final de-
- 8 cree has been rendered in proceedings between the same
- 9 parties, and covering the same subject matter, instituted
- 10 pursuant to this section.

### 11 "§ 17. Enforcement with respect to handlers

- 12 "(a) Any violation by a handler of the provisions of
- 13 regulations establishing an over-order price or a commis-
- 14 sion marketing order, or other regulations adopted pursu-
- 15 ant to this compact shall:
- "(1) Constitute a violation of the laws of each
- of the signatory states. Such violation shall render
- the violator subject to a civil penalty in an amount
- as may be prescribed by the laws of each of the par-
- 20 ticipating states, recoverable in any state or federal
- court of competent jurisdiction. Each day such viola-
- 22 tion continues shall constitute a separate violation.
- "(2) Constitute grounds for the revocation of li-
- cense or permit to engage in the milk business under
- 25 the applicable laws of the participating states.

- 1 "(b) With respect to handlers, the commission shall
- 2 enforce the provisions of this compact, regulations estab-
- 3 lishing an over-order price, a commission marketing order
- 4 or other regulations adopted hereunder by:
- 5 "(1) Commencing an action for legal or equi-
- 6 table relief brought in the name of the commission
- 7 of any state or federal court of competent jurisdic-
- 8 tion; or
- 9 "(2) Referral to the state agency for enforce-
- ment by judicial or administrative remedy with the
- agreement of the appropriate state agency of a par-
- ticipating state.
- 13 "(c) With respect to handlers, the commission may
- 14 bring an action for injunction to enforce the provisions
- 15 of this compact or the order or regulations adopted there-
- 16 under without being compelled to allege or prove that an
- 17 adequate remedy of law does not exist.

## **"ARTICLE VII. FINANCE"**

# 19 "§ 18. Finance of start-up and regular costs

- 20 "(a) To provide for its start-up costs, the commission
- 21 may borrow money pursuant to its general power under
- 22 section six, subdivision (d), paragraph four. In order to
- 23 finance the costs of administration and enforcement of
- 24 this compact, including payback of start-up costs, the
- 25 commission is hereby empowered to collect an assessment

- 1 from each handler who purchases milk from producers
- 2 within the region. If imposed, this assessment shall be col-
- 3 lected on a monthly basis for up to one year from the date
- 4 the commission convenes, in an amount not to exceed
- 5 \$.015 per hundredweight of milk purchased from pro-
- 6 ducers during the period of the assessment. The initial as-
- 7 sessment may apply to the projected purchases of handlers
- 8 for the two-month period following the date the commis-
- 9 sion convenes. In addition, if regulations establishing an
- 10 over-order price or a compact marketing order are adopt-
- 11 ed, they may include an assessment for the specific pur-
- 12 pose of their administration. These regulations shall pro-
- 13 vide for establishment of a reserve for the commission's
- 14 ongoing operating expenses.
- 15 "(b) The commission shall not pledge the credit of
- 16 any participating state or of the United States. Notes
- 17 issued by the commission and all other financial obliga-
- 18 tions incurred by it, shall be its sole responsibility and no
- 19 participating state or the United States shall be liable
- 20 therefor.

### 21 "§ 19. Audit and accounts

- 22 "(a) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of
- 23 all receipts and disbursements, which shall be subject to
- 24 the audit and accounting procedures established under its
- 25 rules. In addition, all receipts and disbursements of funds

- 1 handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a
- 2 qualified public accountant and the report of the audit
- 3 shall be included in and become part of the annual report
- 4 of the commission.
- 5 "(b) The accounts of the commission shall be open
- 6 at any reasonable time for inspection by duly constituted
- 7 officers of the participating states and by any persons au-
- 8 thorized by the commission.
- 9 "(c) Nothing contained in this article shall be con-
- 10 strued to prevent commission compliance with laws relat-
- 11 ing to audit or inspection of accounts by or on behalf of
- 12 any participating state or of the United States.
- 13 "ARTICLE VIII. ENTRY INTO
- 14 FORCE; ADDITIONAL MEM-
- 15 **BERS AND WITHDRAWAL**
- 16 "§ 20. Entry into force; additional members
- 17 "The compact shall enter into force effective when
- 18 enacted into law by any three states of the group of states
- 19 composed of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Ken-
- 20 tucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina,
- 21 Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia
- 22 and West Virginia and when the consent of Congress has
- 23 been obtained.

### 1 "§ 21. Withdrawal from compact

- 2 "Any participating state may withdraw from this
- 3 compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no
- 4 such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after no-
- 5 tice in writing of the withdrawal is given to the commis-
- 6 sion and the governors of all other participating states.
- 7 No withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred
- 8 by or chargeable to a participating state prior to the time
- 9 of such withdrawal.

### 10 "§ 22. Severability

- "If any part or provision of this compact is adjudged
- 12 invalid by any court, such judgment shall be confined in
- 13 its operation to the part or provision directly involved in
- 14 the controversy in which such judgment shall have been
- 15 rendered and shall not affect or impair the validity of the
- 16 remainder of this compact. In the event Congress consents
- 17 to this compact subject to conditions, said conditions shall
- 18 not impair the validity of this compact when said condi-
- 19 tions are accepted by three or more compacting states. A
- 20 compacting state may accept the conditions of Congress
- 21 by implementation of this compact.".

#### 22 SEC. 4. PACIFIC NORTHWEST DAIRY COMPACT.

- 23 Congress consents to a Pacific Northwest Dairy Com-
- 24 pact proposed for the States of California, Oregon, and
- 25 Washington, subject to the following conditions:

- 1 (1) Text.—The text of the Pacific Northwest 2 Dairy Compact shall be identical to the text of the 3 Southern Dairy Compact, except as follows:
  - (A) References to "south", "southern", and "Southern" shall be changed to "Pacific Northwest".
    - (B) In section 9(b), the reference to "Atlanta, Georgia" shall be changed to "Seattle, Washington".
    - (C) In section 20, the reference to "any three" and all that follows shall be changed to "California, Oregon, and Washington.".
    - (2) Limitation of Manufacturing Price Regulation.—The Dairy Compact Commission established to administer the Pacific Northwest Dairy Compact (referred to in this section as the "Commission") may not regulate Class II, Class III, or Class IV milk used for manufacturing purposes or any other milk, other than Class I, or fluid milk, as defined by a Federal milk marketing order issued under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1937 (referred to in this section as a "Federal milk marketing order").

- 1 (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Congressional consent 2 under this section takes effect on the date (not later 3 than 3 year after the date of enactment of this Act) 4 on which the Pacific Northwest Dairy Compact is 5 entered into by the second of the 3 States specified 6 in the matter preceding paragraph (1).
  - (4) Compensation of commodity credit corporation.—Before the end of each fiscal year in which a price regulation is in effect under the Pacific Northwest Dairy Compact, the Commission shall compensate the Commodity Credit Corporation for the cost of any purchases of milk and milk products by the Corporation that result from the operation of the Compact price regulation during the fiscal year, as determined by the Secretary (in consultation with the Commission) using notice and comment procedures provided in section 553 of title 5, United States Code.
  - (5) MILK MARKETING ORDER ADMINISTRATOR.—At the request of the Commission, the Administrator of the applicable Federal milk marketing order shall provide technical assistance to the Commission and be compensated for that assistance.

# 1 SEC. 5. INTERMOUNTAIN DAIRY COMPACT.

2	Congress consents to an Intermountain Dairy Com-
3	pact proposed for the States of Colorado, Nevada, and
4	Utah, subject to the following conditions:
5	(1) Text.—The text of the Intermountain
6	Dairy Compact shall be identical to the text of the
7	Southern Dairy Compact, except as follows:
8	(A) In section 1, the references to "south-
9	ern" and "south" shall be changed to "Inter-
10	mountain" and "Intermountain region", respec-
11	tively.
12	(B) References to "Southern" shall be
13	changed to "Intermountain".
14	(C) In section 9(b), the reference to "At-
15	lanta, Georgia" shall be changed to "Salt Lake
16	City, Utah".
17	(D) In section 20, the reference to "any
18	three" and all that follows shall be changed to
19	"Colorado, Nevada, and Utah.".
20	(2) Limitation of manufacturing price
21	REGULATION.—The Dairy Compact Commission es-
22	tablished to administer the Intermountain Dairy
23	Compact (referred to in this section as the "Com-
24	mission") may not regulate Class II, Class III, or
25	Class IV milk used for manufacturing purposes or
26	any other milk, other than Class I, or fluid milk, as

- defined by a Federal milk marketing order issued under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1937 (referred to in this section as a "Federal milk marketing order").
  - (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Congressional consent under this section takes effect on the date (not later than 3 year after the date of enactment of this Act) on which the Intermountain Dairy Compact is entered into by the second of the 3 States specified in the matter preceding paragraph (1).
  - (4) Compensation of commodity credit corporation.—Before the end of each fiscal year in which a price regulation is in effect under the Intermountain Dairy Compact, the Commission shall compensate the Commodity Credit Corporation for the cost of any purchases of milk and milk products by the Corporation that result from the operation of the Compact price regulation during the fiscal year, as determined by the Secretary (in consultation with the Commission) using notice and comment procedures provided in section 553 of title 5, United States Code.
- (5) MILK MARKETING ORDER ADMINISTRATOR.—At the request of the Commission, the

- 1 Administrator of the applicable Federal milk mar-
- 2 keting order shall provide technical assistance to the
- 3 Commission and be compensated for that assistance.

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